

演習問題

Ⅰ 次の関数のラプラス変換を求めよ.

(1) $t^4 + 3t^2 + 5$

(2) $e^{at} - e^{bt}$

(3) $(t^3 - 1)^2$

(4) $\sin(\omega t + \theta)$

(5) $\cos^2 t$

(6) $\cos \lambda(t - \mu) \cdot U(t - \mu) \quad (\mu > 0)$

Ⅱ 次の関数 $f(t - \lambda)$ と $f(t + \lambda)$ ($\lambda > 0$) のラプラス変換を求めよ

(1) $f(t) = t$

(2) $f(t) = e^{\lambda t}$

(3) $f(t) = \sin t$

解答

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I} (1) \quad L(t^4 + 3t^2 + 5) &= L(t^4) + 3 \cdot L(t^2) + 5 \cdot L(1) \\ &= \frac{4!}{s^5} + \frac{6}{s^3} + \frac{5}{s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad L(e^{at} - e^{bt}) &= L(e^{at}) - L(e^{bt}) \\ &= \frac{1}{s-a} - \frac{1}{s-b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad L((t^3-1)^2) &= L(t^6 - 2t^3 + 1) \\ &= \frac{6!}{s^7} - \frac{12}{s^4} + \frac{1}{s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4) \quad L(\sin(\omega t + \theta)) &= L(\sin \omega t \cdot \cos \theta + \cos \omega t \cdot \sin \theta) \\ &= \cos \theta \cdot L(\sin \omega t) + \sin \theta \cdot L(\cos \omega t) \\ &= \frac{\omega \cdot \cos \theta}{s^2 + \omega^2} + \frac{s \cdot \sin \theta}{s^2 + \omega^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (5) \quad L(\cos^2 \theta) &= L\left(\frac{\cos 2\theta + 1}{2}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{s}{s^2 + 4} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{s} \end{aligned}$$

$$(6) \quad f(t) = \cos \lambda t \quad \text{L734} \quad f(t-\mu) = \cos \lambda(t-\mu) \cdot U(t-\mu) \quad \text{F'}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L(\cos \lambda(t-\mu) \cdot U(t-\mu)) &= e^{-\mu s} \cdot F(s) \\ &= e^{-\mu s} \frac{s}{s^2 + \lambda^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$[2] (1) F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} \quad \text{or}$$

$$L(f(t-\lambda)) = e^{-\lambda s} \cdot F(s) = e^{-\lambda s} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L(f(t+\lambda)) &= e^{\lambda s} (F(s) - \int_0^\lambda e^{-st} \cdot t \cdot dt) \\ &= e^{\lambda s} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s^2} - \left[-\frac{1}{s} e^{-st} \cdot t \right]_0^\lambda - \int_0^\lambda \frac{1}{s} \cdot e^{-st} dt \right) \\ &= e^{\lambda s} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s} e^{-\lambda s} \cdot \lambda + \frac{1}{s^2} [e^{-st}]_0^\lambda \right) \\ &= e^{\lambda s} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s} e^{-\lambda s} \cdot \lambda + \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-\lambda s} - \frac{1}{s^2} \right) \\ &= \frac{\lambda}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) F(s) = \frac{1}{s-\lambda} \quad \text{or}$$

$$L(f(t-\lambda)) = e^{-\lambda s} \cdot F(s) = \frac{e^{-\lambda s}}{s-\lambda}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L(f(t+\lambda)) &= e^{\lambda s} \cdot (F(s) - \int_0^\lambda e^{-st} \cdot e^{\lambda t} \cdot dt) \\ &= e^{\lambda s} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s-\lambda} - \int_0^\lambda e^{(\lambda-s)t} dt \right) \\ &= e^{\lambda s} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s-\lambda} - \left[\frac{1}{\lambda-s} e^{(\lambda-s)t} \right]_0^\lambda \right) \\ &= e^{\lambda s} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s-\lambda} - \frac{1}{\lambda-s} (e^{\lambda^2-s\lambda} - 1) \right) \\ &= \frac{e^{\lambda^2}}{s-\lambda} \end{aligned}$$

$$(3) F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2+1} \quad (F')$$

$$L(f(t-\lambda)) = e^{-\lambda s} \cdot F(s) = \frac{e^{-\lambda s}}{s^2+1}$$

$$L(f(t+\lambda)) = e^{\lambda s} \cdot (F(s) - \int_0^\lambda e^{-st} \cdot \sin t \cdot dt) \quad \text{7"ある}$$

∴ ∴

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^\lambda e^{-st} \sin t \, dt &= [-e^{-st} \cos t]_0^\lambda + \int_0^\lambda -s \cdot e^{-st} \cos t \cdot dt \\ &= (-e^{-\lambda s} \cos \lambda + 1) + [-s \cdot e^{-st} \sin t]_0^\lambda + \int_0^\lambda -s^2 e^{-st} \sin t \cdot dt \\ &= -e^{-\lambda s} \cos \lambda + 1 - s \cdot e^{-\lambda s} \sin \lambda - s^2 \int_0^\lambda e^{-st} \sin t \cdot dt \quad \text{4"ある} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \int_0^\lambda e^{-st} \sin t \cdot dt = \frac{1 - e^{-\lambda s} (\cos \lambda + s \sin \lambda)}{s^2 + 1} \quad \text{7"ある } \text{∴ (F')}$$

$$L(f(t+\lambda)) = e^{\lambda s} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s^2+1} - \frac{1 - e^{-\lambda s} (\cos \lambda + s \sin \lambda)}{s^2+1} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\cos \lambda + s \sin \lambda}{s^2+1} \quad \text{7"ある.}$$